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# **NodeEditor Documentation**

***Release 0.9.13***

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# CHAPTER 1

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## Welcome to PyQtNodeEditor

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This package was created from the Node Editor written in PyQt5. The intention was to create a tutorial series describing the path to create a reusable nodeeditor which can be used in different projects. The tutorials are published on youtube for free. The full list of tutorials can be located here: <https://www.blenderfreak.com/tutorials/node-editor-tutorial-series/>

### 1.1 Features

- provides full framework for creating customizable graph, nodes, sockets and edges
- full support for undo / redo and serialization into files in a VCS friendly way
- support for implementing evaluation logic
- hovering effects, dragging edges, cutting lines and a bunch more...
- provided 2 examples on how node editor can be implemented

### 1.2 Requirements

- Python 3.x
- PyQt5 or PySide2 (using wrapper QtPy)

## 1.3 Installation

```
$ pip install nodeeditor
```

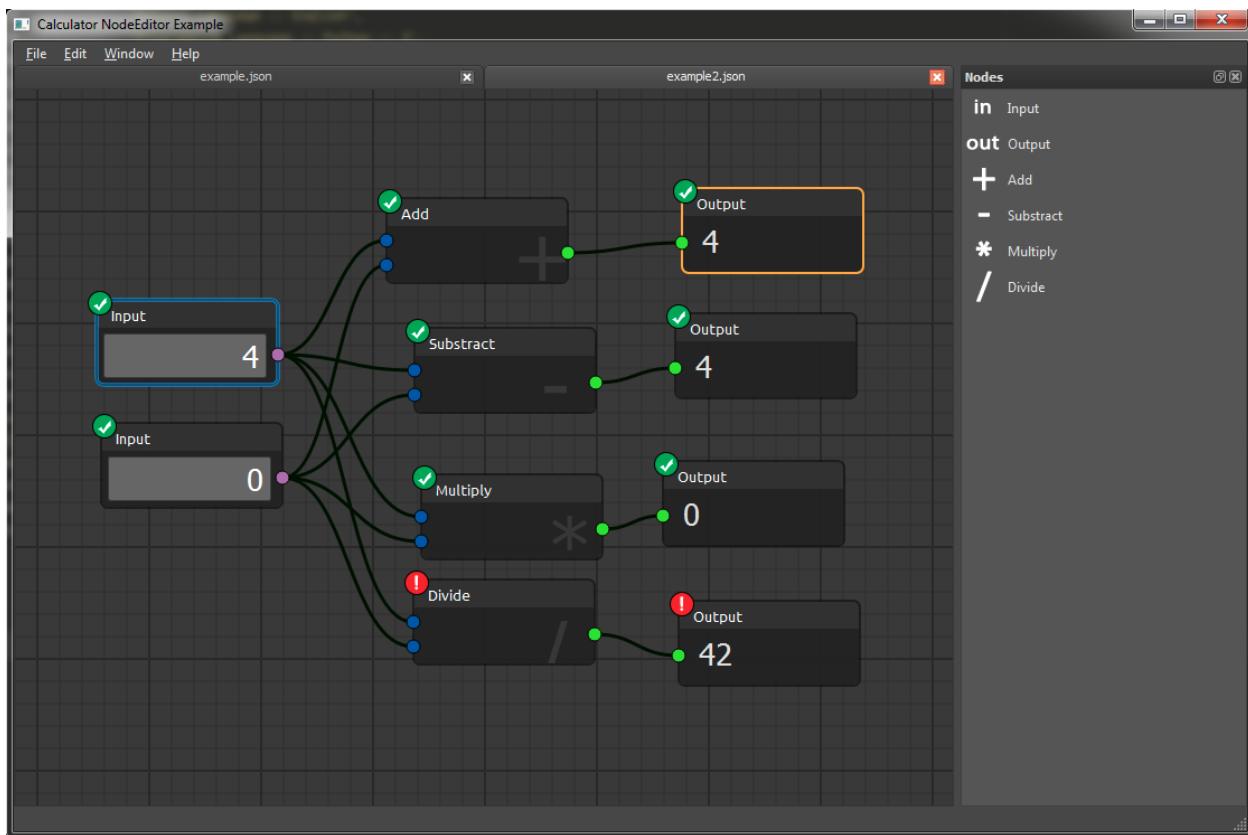
Or directly from source code to get the latest version

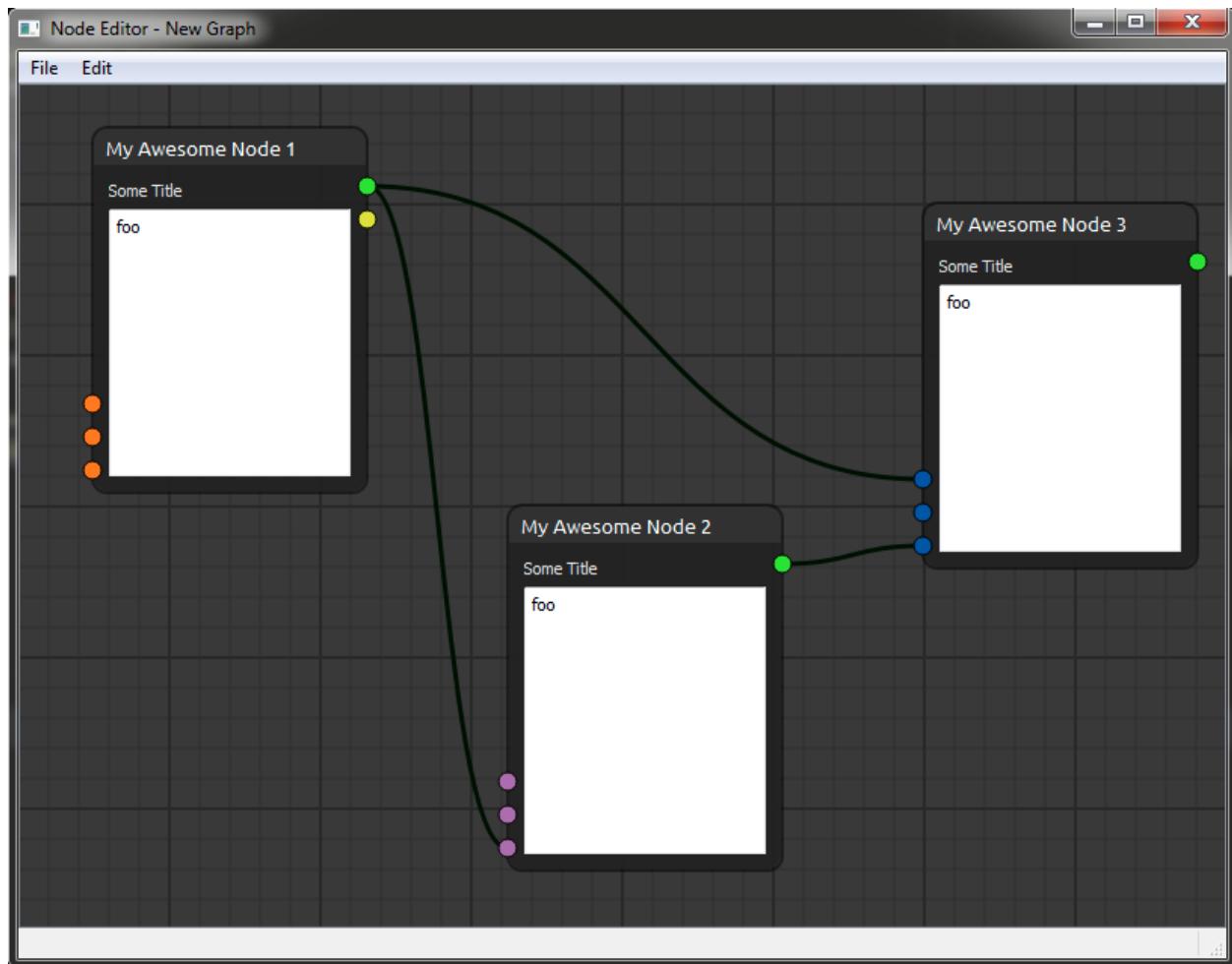
```
$ pip install git+https://gitlab.com/pavel.krupala/pyqt-node-editor.git
```

Or download the source code from gitlab:

```
git clone https://gitlab.com/pavel.krupala/pyqt-node-editor.git
```

## 1.4 Screenshots





## 1.5 Other links

- Documentation
- Contribute
- Issues
- Merge requests
- Changelog



# CHAPTER 2

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## Event system

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Nodeeditor uses its own events (and tries to avoid using `pyqtSignal`) to handle logic happening inside the Scene. If a class does handle some events, they are usually described at the top of the page in this documentation.

Any of the events is subscribable to and the methods for registering callback are called:

```
add<EventName>Listener(callback)
```

You can register to any of these events any time.

### 2.1 Events used in NodeEditor:

#### 2.1.1 Scene

**Has Been Modified** when something has changed in the *Scene*

**Item Selected** when *Node* or *Edge* is selected

**Items Deselected** when deselect everything appears

**Drag Enter** when something is Dragged onto the *Scene*. Here we do allow or deny the drag

**Drop** when we Drop something into the *Scene*

#### 2.1.2 SceneHistory

**History Modified** after *History Stamp* has been stored or restored

**History Stored** after *History Stamp* has been stored

**History Restored** after *History Stamp* has been restored



# CHAPTER 3

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## Serialization

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All of serializable classes derive from `Serializable` class. `Serializable` does create commonly used parameters for our classes. In our case it is just `id` attribute.

`Serializable` defines two methods which should be overriden in child classes:

- `serialize()`
- `deserialize()`

According to `Coding Standards` we keep these two functions on the bottom of the class source code.

To contain all of the data we use `OrderedDict` instead of regular `dict`. Mainly because we want to retain the order of parameters serialized in files.

Classes which derive from `Serializable`:

- Scene
- Node
- QDMNodeContentWidget
- Edge
- Socket



# CHAPTER 4

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## Evaluation

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TL;DR: The evaluation system uses `eval()` and `evalChildren()`. `eval()` method is supposed to be overridden by your own implementation. The evaluation logic uses Flags for marking the *Nodes* to be *Dirty* and/or *Invalid*.

### 4.1 Evaluation Functions

There are 2 main methods used for evaluation:

- `eval()`
- `evalChildren()`

These functions are mutually exclusive. That means that `evalChildren` does **not** eval current *Node*, but only children of the current *Node*.

By default the implementation of `eval()` is “empty” and return 0. However it seems logical, that eval (if successfull) resets the *Node* not to be *Dirty* nor *Invalid*. This method is supposed to be overridden by your own implementation. As an example, you can check out the repository’s `examples/example_calculator` to have an inspiration how to setup the *Node* evaluation on your own.

The evaluation takes advantage of *Node* flags described below.

### 4.2 Node Flags

Each *Node* has 2 flags:

- Dirty
- Invalid

The *Invalid* flag has always higher priority. That means when the *Node* is *Invalid* it doesn’t matter if it is *Dirty* or not.

To mark a node *Dirty* or *Invalid* there are respective methods `markDirty()` and `markInvalid()`. Both methods take `bool` parameter for the new state. You can mark *Node* dirty by setting the parameter to `True`. Also you can un-mark the state by passing `False` value.

For both flags there are 3 methods available:

- `markInvalid()` - to mark only the *Node*
- `markChildrenInvalid()` - to mark only the direct (first level) children of the *Node*
- `markDescendantsInvalid()` - to mark it self and all descendant children of the *Node*

The same goes for the *Dirty* flag of course:

- `markDirty()` - to mark only the *Node*
- `markChildrenDirty()` - to mark only the direct (first level) children of the *Node*
- `markDescendantsDirty()` - to mark it self and all descendant children of the *Node*

Descendants or Children are always connected to Output(s) of current *Node*.

When a node is marked *Dirty* or *Invalid* event methods `onMarkedInvalid()` `onMarkedDirty()` are being called. By default, these methods do nothing. But still they are implemented in case you would like to override them and use in your own evaluation system.

# CHAPTER 5

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## Coding Standards

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The following rules and guidelines are used throughout the nodeeditor package:

### 5.1 File naming guidelines

- files in the nodeeditor package start with `node_`
- files containing graphical representation (PyQt5 overridden classes) start with `node_graphics_`
- files for window/widget start with `node_editor_`

### 5.2 Coding guidelines

- methods use Camel case naming
- variables/properties use Snake case naming
- The constructor `__init__` always contains all class variables for the entire class. This is helpful for new users, so they can just look at the constructor and read about all properties that class is using in one place. Nobody wants any surprises hidden in the code later
- nodeeditor uses custom callbacks and listeners. Methods for adding callback functions are usually named `addXYListener`
- custom events are usually named `onXY`
- methods named `doXY` usually *do* certain tasks and also take care of low level operations
- classes always contain methods in this order:
  - `__init__`
  - python magic methods (i.e. `__str__`), setters and getters
  - `initXY` functions

- listener functions
- nodeeditor event fuctions
- nodeeditor doXY and getXY helping functions
- Qt5 event functions
- other functions
- optionally overridden Qt paint method
- serialize and deserialize methods at the end

# CHAPTER 6

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## Release Notes

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**Note:** Contributors please include release notes as needed or appropriate with your bug fixes, feature additions and tests.

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### 6.1 1.0.0 (unreleased)

- Added first version of library



## nodeeditor Package

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### 7.1 node\_content\_widget Module

### 7.2 node\_edge Module

#### 7.2.1 Edge Validators

Edge Validator can be registered to Edge class using its method `registerEdgeValidator()`.

Each validator callback takes 2 params: `start_socket` and `end_socket`. Validator also needs to return `True` or `False`. For example of validators have a look in `node_edge_validators` module.

Here is an example how you can register the Edge Validator callbacks:

```
from nodeeditor.node_edge_validators import *

Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_validator_debug)
Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_cannot_connect_two_outputs_or_two_inputs)
Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_cannot_connect_input_and_output_of_same_node)
```

#### 7.2.2 Edge Class

### 7.3 node\_edge\_dragging Module

### 7.4 node\_edge\_intersect Module

### 7.5 node\_edge\_rerouting Module

A module containing the Edge Rerouting functionality

```
class nodeeditor.node_edge_rerouting.EdgeRerouting(grView: QGraphicsView)
Bases: object

print(*args)
    Helper function to better control debug printing to console for this feature

getEdgeClass()
    Helper function to get the Edge class. Using what the Scene class provides

getAffectedEdges() → list
    Get a list of all edges connected to the self.start_socket where we started the re-routing

    Returns List of all edges affected by the rerouting started from this self.start_socket Socket

    Return type list

setAffectedEdgesVisible(visibility: bool = True)
    Show/Hide all edges connected to the self.start_socket where we started the re-routing

    Parameters visibility (bool) – True if all the affected Edge (s) should be shown or hidden

resetRerouting()
    Reset to default state. Init this feature internal variables

clearReroutingEdges()
    Remove the helping dashed edges from the Scene

updateScenePos(x: float, y: float)
    Update position of all the rerouting edges (dashed ones). Called from mouseMove event to update to new mouse position

    Parameters
        • x (float) – new X position
        • y (float) – new Y position

startRerouting(socket: Socket)
    Method to start the re-routing. Called from the grView's state machine.

    Parameters socket (Socket) – Socket where we started the re-routing

stopRerouting(target: Socket = None)
    Method for stopping the re-routing

    Parameters target (Socket or None) – Target where we ended the rerouting (usually released mouse button). Provide Socket or None to cancel
```

## 7.6 node\_edge\_snapping Module

## 7.7 node\_edge\_validators Module

A module containing the Edge Validator functions which can be registered as callbacks to Edge class.

### 7.7.1 Example of registering Edge Validator callbacks:

You can register validation callbacks once for example on the bottom of node\_edge.py file or on the application start with calling this:

```
from nodeeditor.node_edge_validators import *

Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_validator_debug)
Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_cannot_connect_two_outputs_or_two_inputs)
Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_cannot_connect_input_and_output_of_same_node)
Edge.registerEdgeValidator(edge_cannot_connect_input_and_output_of_different_type)
```

nodeeditor.node\_edge\_validators.**print\_error**(\*args)

Helper method which prints to console if *DEBUG* is set to *True*

nodeeditor.node\_edge\_validators.**edge\_validator\_debug**(input: Socket, output: Socket)  
→ bool

This will consider edge always valid, however writes bunch of debug stuff into console

nodeeditor.node\_edge\_validators.**edge\_cannot\_connect\_two\_outputs\_or\_two\_inputs**(input:  
Socket,  
out-  
put:  
Socket)  
→  
bool

Edge is invalid if it connects 2 output sockets or 2 input sockets

nodeeditor.node\_edge\_validators.**edge\_cannot\_connect\_input\_and\_output\_of\_same\_node**(input:  
Socket,  
out-  
put:  
Socket)  
→  
bool

Edge is invalid if it connects the same node

nodeeditor.node\_edge\_validators.**edge\_cannot\_connect\_input\_and\_output\_of\_different\_type**(input:  
Socket,  
out-  
put:  
Socket)  
→  
bool

Edge is invalid if it connects sockets with different colors

## 7.8 node\_editor\_widget Module

## 7.9 node\_editor\_window Module

## 7.10 node\_graphics\_cutline Module

## 7.11 node\_graphics\_edge Module

### 7.11.1 *QDMGraphicsEdge* class

## 7.12 node\_graphics\_edge\_path Module

### 7.12.1 *GraphicsEdgePathBase* base class

### 7.12.2 *GraphicsEdgePathDirect* class

### 7.12.3 *GraphicsEdgePathBezier* class

## 7.13 node\_graphics\_node Module

## 7.14 node\_graphics\_scene Module

## 7.15 node\_graphics\_socket Module

## 7.16 node\_graphics\_view Module

### 7.16.1 *QDMGraphicsView* class

## 7.17 node\_node Module

## 7.18 node\_scene Module

### 7.18.1 Events

*Has Been Modified* when something has changed in the *Scene*

*Item Selected* when *Node* or *Edge* is selected

*Items Deselected* when deselect everything appears

*Drag Enter* when something is Dragged onto the *Scene*. Here we do allow or deny the drag

*Drop* when we Drop something into the *Scene*

## 7.18.2 Exceptions

## 7.18.3 Scene Class

## 7.19 node\_scene\_clipboard Module

## 7.20 node\_scene\_history Module

### 7.20.1 Events

**History Modified** after History Stamp has been stored or restored

**History Stored** after History Stamp has been stored

**History Restored** after History Stamp has been restored

### 7.20.2 SceneHistory Class

## 7.21 node\_serializable Module

A module containing Serializable “Interface”. We pretend its an abstract class

**class** nodeeditor.node\_serializable.**Serializable**  
Bases: object

Default constructor automatically creates data which are common to any serializable object. In our case we create self.id which we use in every object in NodeEditor.

#### **id**

We set this property in the *constructor* because all of NodeEditor’s serializable objects use this attribute to unique object identification. It is handy for referencing objects.

#### **serialize()** → collections.OrderedDict

Serialization method to serialize this class data into OrderedDict which can be easily stored in memory or file.

**Returns** data serialized in OrderedDict

**Return type** OrderedDict

#### **deserialize(data: dict, hashmap: dict = {}, restore\_id: bool = True)** → bool

Deserialization method which take data in python dict format with helping hashmap containing references to existing entities.

#### Parameters

- **data** (dict) – Dictionary containing serialized data
- **hashmap** (dict) – Helper dictionary containing references (by id == key) to existing objects
- **restore\_id** (bool) – True if we are creating new Sockets. False is useful when loading existing Sockets of which we want to keep the existing object’s id.

**Returns** True if deserialization was successful, otherwise False

**Return type** bool

## 7.22 node\_socket Module

### 7.22.1 Socket Class

## 7.23 utils Module

# CHAPTER 8

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